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# PLUMFIELD NURSERIES

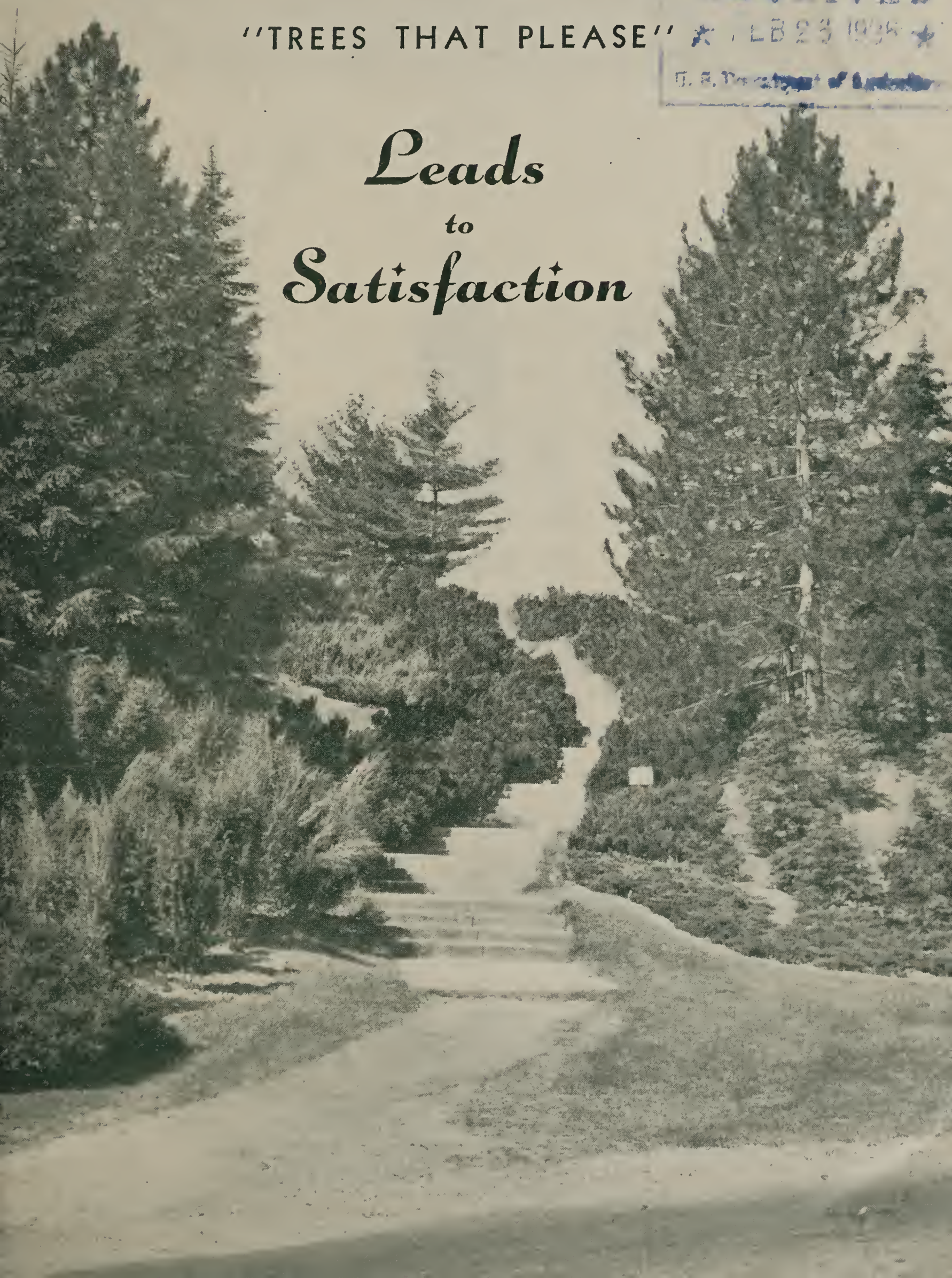
FREMONT, NEBR.

"TREES THAT PLEASE"

★ LB 23 1935 ★

U. S. Department of Agriculture

*Leads*  
to  
*Satisfaction*





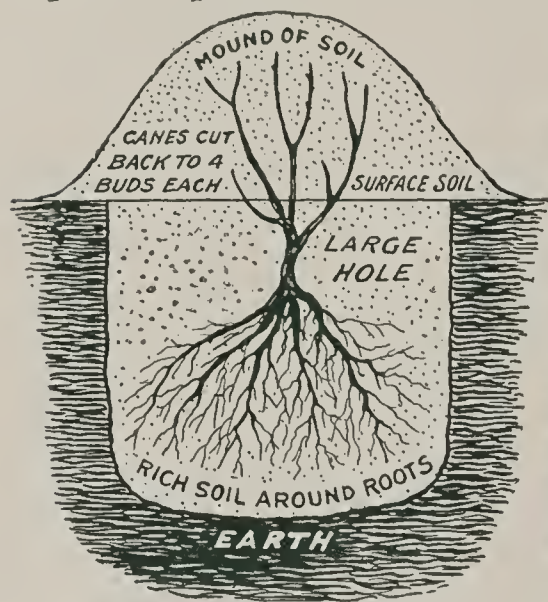
# OUR GUARANTEE

Our NURSERY STOCK is guaranteed to reach you in a healthy, growing condition. Stock that fails to show growth, will be replaced, if notified by July 1st following delivery. After this date, we will replace at one-half the current price, if notified by October 1st, following delivery, F. O. B. our packing grounds.

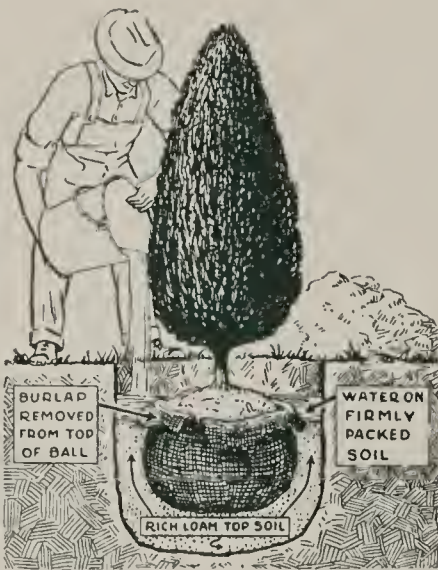
## SHORTAGES OR COMPLAINTS MUST BE REPORTED AT ONCE

If any NURSERY STOCK proves untrue to description, we hold ourselves in readiness, on proper proof, to replace it or refund the amount paid but we shall, in no case, be liable for any sum greater than the amount originally received for said NURSERY STOCK.

**HOW TO PLANT:** In planting in yard, garden, or field, the ground should be well prepared, and stock should be handled with least possible exposure. We offer the following suggestions on some of the more important plants.



How to Plant Roses



How to Plant Balled Evergreens



Wrong Way



Right Way

## PLANTING DISTANCE OF FRUIT TREES

	Usual recommended distance	Best average distance	Number per acre at average distance
Apple .....	25 to 32 feet	30 x 30 feet	48
Plum and Apricots.....	16 to 22 feet	20 x 20 feet	108
Pear .....	22 to 30 feet	25 x 25 feet	69
Cherries and Peaches....	12 to 16 feet	14 x 14 feet	147
Raspberry — (Hill).....	4 x 6 or 5 x 5 feet	4 x 6 feet	1815
(Hedge)...	1½ x 3 by 6 to 7 feet	2 x 6 feet	3630
Blackberry .....	1½ to 3 x 7 feet	2 x 7 feet	3110
Gooseberry .....	4 x 6 feet	4 x 6 feet	1815
Currant .....	4 x 6 feet	4 x 6 feet	1815
Grape .....	8 x 8 feet	8 x 8 feet	680
Strawberry—			
Everbearing .....	15 to 18 in. x 3 to 4 ft.	1½ x 3 feet	9680
June bearing .....	18 to 24 in. x 4 ft.	2 x 4 feet	5445

To determine the number of plants required per acre for any distance multiply the two plant distances and divide the product into 43,560 (the number of square feet per acre).

## ORDERS AMOUNTING TO \$10.00 OR MORE WILL BE PREPAID BALLED EVERGREENS WILL NOT BE PREPAID

Our NURSERY STOCK is grown on the best land in the Platte and Elkhorn Valleys. We use modern machinery, have modern FROST-PROOF STORAGE, and life long TRAINED HELP. Our office and packing grounds are located one block south of U. S. Highway No. 30, on Nye Avenue.

We extend you a personal invitation to visit our NURSERIES AND STORAGES at any time of the year, and we are sure you will find something of interest any time you come.

# PLUMFIELD NURSERIES

FREMONT

NEBRASKA





# APPLES

One of the most used fruits in the world. Can be easily grown and should be planted extensively. Varieties we are listing are of the best sorts and recommended for this locality. You may make a selection of varieties and obtain quantity prices on Apples.

	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each	Lots of 25 each
1 1/16 in. caliper, 5-6 ft.....	\$ .75	\$ .70	\$ .65	\$ .60	\$ .55
9/16 in. caliper, 4-5 ft.....	.60	.57	.54	.50	.45
7/16 in. caliper, 3-4 ft.....	.45	.43	.40	.37	.35
5/16 in. caliper, 2-3 ft.....	.30	.28	.26	.25	.20

## SUMMER VARIETIES

- ANOKA**—July to August. Yellow and red striped. Fruits very young.
- DUCHESS**—July. One of the old standards. Good cooker.
- EARLY HARVEST**—July to August. Yellow.
- YELLOW TRANSPARENT**—July to August. Very hardy. Fruits young.

## FALL VARIETIES

- FAMEUSE OR SNOW**—Red. August. A favorite for cooking and eating.
- LIVELAND**—Red striped. Hardy. Should be planted more. Very good.
- WEALTHY**—Red striped. One of the best and well known. Hardy.

## WINTER VARIETIES

- BEN DAVIS**—Red. One of the old standards. One of the best keepers.
- DELICIOUS**—Red. One of the very best apples for all purposes.
- GANO**—Red. Similar to Ben Davis and just as good.

- GRIMES GOLDEN**—Yellow. Very desirable for an all-purpose apple.
- JONATHAN**—Red. One of the very best. Quality cannot be beat.
- KING DAVID**—Red. Very productive. A good keeper. Good quality.
- M. B. TWIG**—Dark red. Productive and good keeper. Good quality.
- NEBRASKA GOLDEN**—Yellow. Very delicious and one of the best.
- NORTH WEST GREENING** — Yellowish-green. Very hardy and productive.
- STAYMAN'S WINESAP**—Red. Larger than the old Winesap. Very good quality.

## Crab Apples

- HYSLOP**—Late. Dark purplish-red. Very desirable for pickling and jelly.
- RED SIBERIAN**—Small jelly crab, grows in clusters. Bears young.
- WHITNEY**—Early. Fruit large. Red striped. Most useful of the crabs.
- YELLOW SIBERIAN**—Jelly crab. Medium round, golden yellow. Vigorous grower.





## CHERRIES

*There is no fruit tree more profitable than the Cherry, especially the sour varieties, which are very desirable for pies and canning. They bear fruit very soon after planting and bring good returns on your investment. Cherries are easily raised and should be planted in large enough quantities to insure plenty of this desirable fruit for the family. You may select varieties and obtain quantity prices.*

	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each	Lots of 25 each
11/16 in. caliper, 5-6 ft.....	\$ .65	\$ .60	\$ .55	\$ .50	\$ .45
9/16 in. caliper, 4-5 ft.....	.55	.50	.45	.40	.35
7/16 in. caliper, 3-4 ft.....	.40	.37	.33	.30	.25
5/16 in. caliper, 2-3 ft.....	.30	.28	.27	.25	.22

**EARLY RICHMOND**—The earliest. Very desirable for all purposes.

**ENGLISH MORELLO**—Late. Tart but excellent for canning.

**HONEY DEW**—Yellowish, with blush. Excellent quality. Light bearer. Sweet.

**MONTMORENCY**—Mid-season. Very good for all purposes.

**OSTHEIM**—Late. Flesh red. A very desirable variety.

**ROYAL DUKE**—Semi-sweet. Very good but will not produce as heavy as the so-called “sour” varieties.

## APRICOTS

*Apricots bloom early and many times are caught by frost. Heavy mulching after the ground freezes solid will retard their early blooming. We recommend Thompson’s Early, as it originated just two miles south of Fremont, Nebr., and has proved to bear more often than the others.*

	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each
11/16 in. caliper, 5-6 ft.....	\$ .75	\$ .70	\$ .65	\$ .60
9/16 in. caliper, 4-5 ft.....	.60	.57	.54	.50
7/16 in. caliper, 3-4 ft.....	.45	.43	.40	.37
5/16 in. caliper, 2-3 ft.....	.30	.28	.26	.25

**ALEXANDER**—Russian variety. August. Medium, orange, tender.

**BUDD**—Russian variety. August. Medium, light blush, sweet.

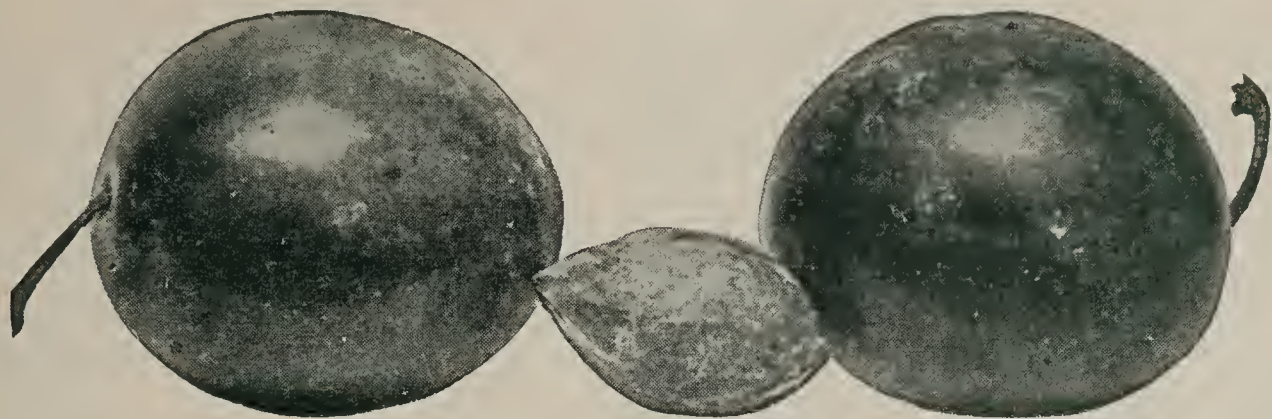
**MOORPARK**—August. One of the largest. Orange-yellow, rich, juicy and sweet.

**ROYAL**—August. Large, oval, orange, with yellow flesh. Firm and sweet.

**SUPERB**—Russian variety. July. Medium size. Light salmon, yellow flesh firm.

**THOMPSON’S EARLY**—Late July. Round and yellow. Propagated from a seedling in Saunders County, Nebraska. Very productive.





PLUMS

We wish to call your attention, especially, to the Hansen Hybrids and Minnesota Hybrids. These varieties will produce an abundance of high quality fruit. Usually bears the second year after planting. You should arrange to plant some of these. You may make a selection of varieties and obtain quantity prices.

	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each
11/16 in. caliper, 5-6 ft.....	\$ .80	\$ .75	\$ .70	\$ .65
9/16 in. caliper, 4-5 ft.....	.65	.60	.55	.50
7/16 in. caliper, 3-4 ft.....	.50	.47	.45	.42
5/16 in. caliper, 2-3 ft.....	.40	.37	.35	.32

HANSEN HYBRIDS

- COMPASS**—August. Cherry-Plum. Small fruit, dark red when ripe.
- HANSKA**—August. Large red, apricot flavor. Very good quality.
- KAHINTA**—August. Large red, yellow flesh. Very productive. Good quality.
- OKA**—Small Cherry-Plum. Good producer. Good quality.
- OPATA**—July. Medium size. Fruit purplish-red with green flesh.
- SAPA**—July. Medium size. Fruit purple with red flesh. Juicy and very good.
- TOKA**—August. Large, red and very desirable. Similar to Hanska.
- WANETA**—August. Large, red and very productive. Excellent quality.

MINNESOTA HYBRIDS

- GOLDEN ROD**—August. Large, yellow. Very hardy and productive. Good quality.
- MONITOR**—August. Large. Red, very hardy and productive. High quality.
- UNDERWOOD**—August. Large rich red, rather oval and juicy. One of the best.

NATIVE VARIETIES

- OMAHA**—August. Large, red and sweet. Productive and valuable.

- QUAKER**—August. Medium size. Red. Very heavy producer. Excellent for butter and jelly.
- WILD GOOSE**—July. One of the older varieties but very desirable. Large, red and prolific.

MULBERRY

We are listing Russian Mulberry only as it is the only hardy one we know of and bears almost every year. Large, black fruit and very prolific. Very desirable to plant with Cherries, as the birds will eat the Mulberries.

	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each
6-8 ft. ....	\$ .60	\$ .57	\$ .54	\$ .50
5-6 ft. ....	.50	.47	.44	.40
4-5 ft. ....	.35	.32	.28	.25



Mulberry





Peaches

## PEACHES

The last few years have given us encouragement with Peaches. Numbers of our customers have harvested crops of fine, luscious Peaches and we believe a few Peach trees should be included in the family orchards.

**CHAMPION**—Early, Freestone. Yellowish-white, red on sunny side. White flesh. Good quality.

**ELBERTA**—Late. Freestone. Large, yellow. Flesh yellow. One of the most popular varieties for all purposes.

**J. H. HALE**—Late. Extra large, yellow. Flesh creamy yellow and of a very good quality. Very popular.

	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each
11/16 in. caliper, 5-6 ft.....	\$ .65	\$ .60	\$ .55	\$ .50
9/16 in. caliper, 4-5 ft.....	.55	.50	.45	.40
7/16 in. caliper, 3-4 ft.....	.40	.37	.33	.30
5/16 in. caliper, 2-3 ft.....	.30	.28	.27	.25

## PEARS

Most every one likes Pears. We do not advise planting this fruit in quantities but do think enough for your own use is very desirable and do not want to discourage you in planting this amount. We are listing a few varieties that do the best in this locality.

**BARTLETT**—Summer. August to September. One of the best for all purposes.

**DUCHESS**—Autumn. September to October. Large, greenish-yellow. Mellow and sweet.

**FLEMISH BEAUTY**—Autumn. September to October. Large, juicy. Yellow with blush on one side. Strong grower and good bearer. Hardy and one of the best for this locality.

**GARBER**—Winter Pear. October to November. More round and large. Flesh not so smooth as Flemish Beauty. A very heavy bearer and hardy.

**KIEFFER**—Winter variety. October to November. One of the largest. Green, turning to yellow after picking. Flesh is somewhat gritty. Very hardy and productive.



	Pears			
	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each
11/16 in. caliper, 5-6 ft.....	\$ .75	\$ .70	\$ .65	\$ .60
9/16 in. caliper, 4-5 ft.....	.60	.57	.54	.50
7/16 in. caliper, 3-4 ft.....	.45	.43	.40	.37

## ASPARAGUS

**MARTHA WASHINGTON**—Rust-proof. This is undoubtedly the best Asparagus grown. Plant so that crowns will be about four inches deep in the ground, enabling you to cut the stalks below the ground and, in this way, you will get tender Asparagus. For best results plant two-year, heavy plants. Prices are Postpaid.

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100	Per 200	Per 500
Two-year, heavy plants.....	\$ .25	\$ .50	\$ .90	\$1.65	\$3.00	\$6.00

### RHUBARB OR PIE-PLANT

	Per 3	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
Large roots .....	\$ .30	\$ .85	\$2.00	\$7.50

### HORSE-RADISH

	Per 3	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
Crown plants, the best.....	\$ .50	\$ .90	\$2.00	\$7.00





Grapes

GRAPES

*Grapes should be planted in every home garden. There is always a place for Grape Vines to cover a fence or trellis and get quick results in fruit.*

**CONCORD**—One of the most reliable sorts for all-purpose. Black, very productive and hardy.

**CACO**—This is one of the new varieties that has proven worth while and is one of the best Grapes for table use. Equal to any. Be sure to find a place for a few of these.

**BRIGHTON**—Red. Very desirable for wine and eating out of the hand. A wonderful table Grape.

**MOORE’S EARLY**—Blue-black, large and delicious flavor. Very good for all purposes.

**NIAGARA**—White. Good bearer and fine flavor. Good for table use or wine. One of the best white Grapes.

**WORDEN**—Black. Ripens about ten days earlier than Concord and is sweeter and larger.

	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each	Lots of 25 each	Lots of 100 each
Brighton, two-year .....	\$ .30	\$ .28	\$ .26	\$ .25	\$ .23	\$ .20
Brighton, one-year .....	.25	.24	.22	.20	.18	.16
Caco, two-year .....	.50	.47	.44	.40		
Caco, one-year .....	.45	.42	.39	.35		
Concord, two-year .....	.20	.19	.17	.15	.14	.13
Concord, one-year .....	.15	.14	.12	.10	.09	.08
Moore’s Early, two-year .....	.30	.28	.26	.25	.23	.20
Moore’s Early, one-year .....	.25	.24	.22	.20	.18	.16
Niagara, two-year .....	.30	.28	.26	.25	.23	.20
Niagara, one-year .....	.25	.24	.22	.20	.18	.16
Worden, two-year .....	.30	.28	.26	.25	.23	.20
Worden, one-year .....	.25	.24	.22	.20	.18	.16

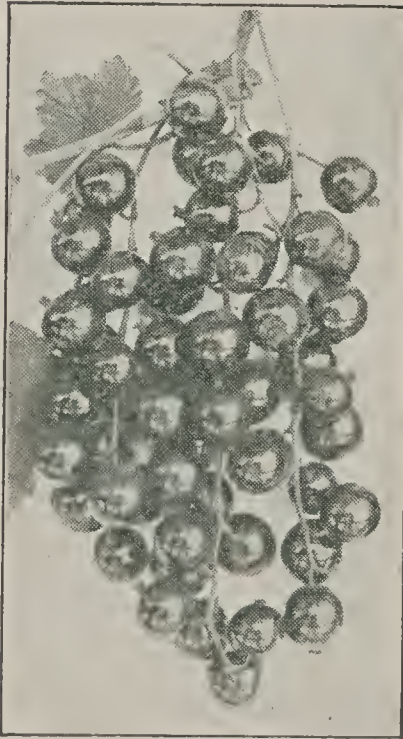
CURRENTS

**CHERRY**—A very large, red variety much used for commercial planting. Excellent quality and one of the best.

**FAYS PROLIFIC**—Not quite as large as Cherry Currant but one of the older sorts, which still is in demand. A very good garden sort. Considered a large currant and easily picked.

**PERFECTION**—Largest of all. Nice, red berries. Long stems and easily picked. Always brings highest market prices.

**WHITE GRAPE**—Nice stems of white, large berries. Very good flavor. The best white Currant.



Currents

	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each	Lots of 25 each
Currants, two-year .....	\$ .22	\$ .20	\$ .18	\$ .16	\$ .14
Currants, one-year .....	.20	.18	.16	.14	.12
Perfection, two-year .....	.30	.29	.27	.25	.20
Perfection, one-year .....	.25	.24	.22	.20	.16

GOOSEBERRIES

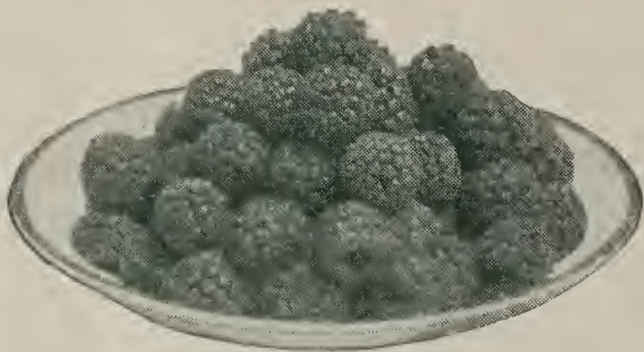
	Each	Lots of 4 each	Lots of 8 each	Lots of 12 each	Lots of 25 each
Gooseberries, two-year .....	\$ .25	\$ .24	\$ .22	\$ .20	\$ .18
Gooseberries, one-year .....	.20	.19	.17	.15	.13

**DOWNING**—Light green. Very large and productive. Very good.

**HOUGHTON**—Green, turning red when ripe. Berries are a little smaller than Downing and very sweet when ripe. Popular sort.

**PEARL**—Light green. Very large. Similar to Downing.





Raspberries

## RASPBERRIES

*Raspberries do well in most any soil. It is best to plant them where they are protected from the hot, summer winds as they ripen in July. Raspberries are a very profitable crop.*

**CUMBERLAND**—Black. One of the most reliable varieties and is very prolific. Fruit large. We believe this to be the best black variety.

	Per 5	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
Two-year, Transplants .....	\$ .45	\$ .75	\$1.60	\$5.50
Tip-plants, Number One.....	.25	.40	.75	2.75

**ST. REGIS**—The Everbearing Red Raspberry. Frequently bears the same year as planted.

**LATHAM**—A large, red Minnesota variety. Considered one of the best.

**CHIEF**—Another new variety, about ten days earlier than Latham. Fruits very heavy. A favorite with the fruit growers.

Per 5	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
\$ .25	\$ .40	\$ .90	\$3.25

**COLUMBIAN**—Grows in bush form. Does not sucker. Fruit is large and purple in color. Rich flavor and very desirable for canning.

	Per 5	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
Transplants .....	\$ .55	\$1.00	\$2.00	\$7.50
Tip-plants, Number one .....	.35	.60	1.25	4.50

## STRAWBERRIES

*Strawberries should not be packed with other stock. We will pack separately and ship by parcel post, prepaid.*

**MASTODON**—The leading Everbearing Strawberry. Fruit large and productive. Often bears ninety days after planting.

**PROGRESSIVE**—Another desirable Everbearing variety. Fruit not as large as Mastodon but very hardy and produces a large amount of fruit. Stands drought a little better than the Mastodon.

	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100	Per 200
Mastodon .....	\$ .50	\$ .95	\$1.75	\$3.00
Progressive .....	.50	.95	1.75	3.00
Junebearing .....	.30	.50	.85	1.50

**AROMA**—This is one of the largest berries we know of and is very productive also hardy. We can recommend this variety.

**BLAKEMORE**—This is a variety originated by Prof. Beatty of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. The berries are large and solid. Stands the dry weather. Plants grow large, holding the fruit off the ground.

**PREMIER**—Extra early and of fine quality. This variety is taking with favor and is a good sort to plant. Fruit is dark red. Very productive.

**SENATOR DUNLAP**—A June-bearing sort, which is one of the old, reliable standard kinds. We believe this sort is as good as can be planted. Fruit large, sweet and solid.



Strawberries

## BLACKBERRIES

**SNYDER AND ELDORADO**—These are the hardiest and a favorite with fruit growers. Will stand cold winters and are good market varieties. Fruit medium to large.

Per 5	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
\$ .35	\$ .55	\$1.10	\$3.85

## DEWBERRIES

**LUCRETIA**—Large. Trailing. Hardy and resembles the Blackberry in fruit. Sweet and juicy. Plants grown from root-cuttings are much better than those grown from tips.

Per 5	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
\$ .35	\$ .60	\$1.15	\$4.25





Doesn't it look cozy. A few shrubs did it.

## SHRUBS

The grades on shrubs that we are listing are standard grades and are good, strong plants, well branched. There is a difference in the grades of shrubs. Our prices are low, considering the quality.

Those who want to plant quantities of shrubs should have some reduction as to the quantity they purchase. You may select as many kinds or grades as you wish, total them up and deduct the following:

On six or more shrubs deduct.....10%

On twelve or more shrubs deduct.....15% On twenty-five or more shrubs deduct....20%

Tall Growing Shrubs	Medium Height Shrubs	Dwarf Growing Shrubs
Beauty Bush	Japan Quince	†*Barberry
†*Dogwoods	†Cotoneaster	*Deutzia Lemoine
†Elders	*Deutzia Pride of Roch.	Golden Mock Orange
*Forsythias	*Hydrangea	Potentilla Fruticosa
†*Honeysuckles	Rhodotyphus	Spirea Anthony Waterer
Lilacs	†Golden Currants	Spirea Froebelli
*Mock-orange	Sorbaria	Spirea Calosa Alba
Sumacs	Spirea Arguta	Spirea Thunbergi
Snowball	Spirea Billardi	†*Snowberry white
†Cranberry Bush	Spirea Prunifolia	†*Snowberry Red
Tamarix	*Spirea Van Houtte	
Golden Leaf Ninebark	Weigelas	
(*Shrubs suitable for shady places)		(†Shrubs with attractive berries)

**ALMONDS (Pink or White)** — An early flowering shrub with beautiful rose-like flowers, which are double and cover the shrub. 12 to 18 in., 35c; 18 to 24 in., 45c; 2 to 3 ft., 60c.

**ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon)**—Upright shrub blooming during August and September. Colors, pink, purple, red, and white. Not very hardy and must be planted in protected places. Flowers are large, double and ruffled. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 30c.

**BARBERRY (Red Leaved)**—Easily grown and gives best results in the sun as the sun brings out the color of the foliage. Bright red berries hang on the twigs all winter. A wonderful shrub. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 45c.

**BARBERRY Thunbergi (Japanese)**—Green leaved. One of the most used shrubs for border and foundation planting. Leaves turn to brilliant shades in the fall, with red berries in the winter. 12 to 18 in., 15c; 18 to 24 in., 20c; 2 to 3 ft., 30c.

**BEAUTY BUSH**—A handsome new bush from China. Resembles both Weigelia and Honeysuckle. Grows six to eight feet high, with long arching branches covered with clusters of pale pink trumpet shaped flowers. 12 to 18 in., 30c; 18 to 24 in., 40c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

**COTONEASTER**—Glossy, dark green leaves turning to brilliant shades in the fall. Black fruit. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c.



## SHRUBS—Continued

**BUTTERFLY BUSH**—A perennial shrub, which dies down to the ground in the winter and needs protection with mulch. Lavender, lilac-form of flowers that attract butterflies. Number 1 plants, 25c.

**DESMODIUM**—Another perennial shrub. Flowers in the fall and is very attractive purplish-red. Grows about four feet high. Number 1 plants, 30c.

**DEUTZIA LEMOINE**—A dwarf shrub. Very compact, white blooms. Very beautiful and is good for locations where you do not care for height. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c.

**DEUTZIA PRIDE OF ROCHESTER**—Similar to the above but attains more height. Double white flowers tinged with rose. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 30c.

**DOGWOOD (Golden Twig)**—Bright yellow bark. White flowers followed by silver berries. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**DOGWOOD (Red Bark)**—Bright red bark. White flowers followed by silver berries. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**DOGWOOD Variegated (Elegantissima)**—Silver gold and green foliage, red bark. A beautiful shrub for mass planting. 12 to 18 in., 30c; 18 to 24 in., 40c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

**ELDERS (Golden Leaved)**—Strong growing bush with attractive, yellow foliage. Bears fruit and attracts the birds. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**ELDER (Fern Leaved)**—Dark green leaves, finely cut and fern-like. Small, white, fragrant flowers in June and July. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**EUONYMUS ALATUS (Cork Barked or Winged Euonymus)**—Slow grower. Foliage dark green turning to beautiful shades of purplish-red in the fall. Very attractive. 12 to 18 in., 30c; 18 to 24 in., 40c.

**EUONYMUS ATROPURPUREUS (Wahoo Bush)**—Grows 12 to 15 feet high. Native and hardy. Produces an abundance of scarlet berries. Dark green foliage turning to various colors in the fall. 18 to 24 in., 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

**FORSYTHIA OR GOLDEN BELL (Intermedia)**—Spreading habit of growth. Early bloomer. Obtains a height of 6 to 8 feet. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI**—Upright grower, somewhat taller than Intermedia. Clusters of golden yellow blossoms on arched branches. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**FORSYTHIA SUSPENS**A—Resembles the Fortunei in flowers but the growth is somewhat drooping. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

## HONEYSUCKLE BUSH OR LONICERA

**HONEYSUCKLE BELLA ALBIDA**—Somewhat drooping habit of growth. Flowers white, followed by attractive red berries. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**HONEYSUCKLE MORROWI**—Similar to Albida, only more drooping in growth. White bloom followed by red berries. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**HONEYSUCKLE RED OR PINK TARTARIAN**—Upright grower, very desirable for screens as well as specimen shrub. Pink or red blooms, followed by scarlet berries. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA (Hills of Snow)**—Blooms early in July. Grows well in shady places. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.



A cozy nook on the lawn

**HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA (Large Flowering)**—Blooms are very large. White turning to pink in the fall. A very attractive beautiful shrub. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

**JAPANESE FLOWERING QUINCE (Cydonia Japonica)**—Bright scarlet flowers in April. Grows about six feet tall. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c.

**LILAC PURPLE (Old Fashioned Lilac)**—Purple bloom. April and May. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c.

**LILAC ROTHOMAGENSIS (Chinese)**—Blooms reddish-purple. April and May. Often blooms the first year after planting. Very desirable for screens. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c.

**LILAC, RED PERSIAN**—Similar to above. Flowers are more red. This is one we have propagated ourselves and we can recommend it highly. 12 to 18 in., 30c; 18 to 24 in., 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 45c.



## SHRUBS—Continued

**LILACS, BUDDED OR FRENCH**—Just tell us what color you want and whether double or single flowers are preferred and we will send you what you want. We grow several varieties and can give you satisfaction. 12 to 18 in., 40c; 18 to 24 in., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 60c.

**PHILADELPHUS OR SYRINGA**

**PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS** (Sweet Mock Orange)—Lots of white, fragrant flowers in May and June. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**PHILADELPHUS GOLDEN**—Dwarf, compact form. Attractive yellow leaves. White flowers May, June. 12 to 18 in., 30c.

**PHILADELPHUS GRANDIFLORUS** (Large Flowering Mock Orange)—An upright grower, producing an abundance of large, white flowers in May, June. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**PHILADELPHUS VIRGINAL** — Large, semi-double fragrant flowers in May and continuing over a long season. Almost Everblooming. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**PHYSOCARPUS OR GOLDLEAF NINE-BARK** (*Spirea Aureus*)—A golden-leaved shrub. White flowers in May, June. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**POTENTILLA FRUTICOSA** (Shrubby Cinquefoil)—A dwarf shrub that produces small yellow flowers throughout the summer. 12 to 18 in., 30c; 18 to 24 in., 40c.

**PRIVET, AMOOR RIVER**—See hedging.

**PRIVET, RUSSIAN GOLDEN**—This variety is very good to use in mass plantings as well as Hedges. Has golden yellow leaves that stay on most of winter. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c.

**RHODOTYPOS KERRIODES** (Jetbead)—A very distinct shrub. Bright green foliage. Single white flowers April, May. Black, shiny fruit in autumn and winter. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c.



Planting of Shrubs and Evergreens



A nice porch planting

**RHUS GLABRA** (Smooth Sumac)—Produces bunches of crimson berries in August and September. Rich, read leaf coloring. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 30c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**RHUS TYPHINA LACINIATA** (Shredded or Fern-Leaved Sumac)—Has long, feathery leaves, finely cut. Very attractive coloring in the fall. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**RIBES AUREUM** (Golden Currant) — An upright bush. Yellow flowers in April and May followed by black fruit. Edible. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**ROSE ACACIA** (*Robinia Hispida*)—Flowering Locust. Branches covered with rosy-pink flowers in April-May. Grafted on Locust root and will not sprout all over yard. 18 to 24 in., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 60c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

**SNOWBALL**—See *Viburnum Opulus Sterilis*.

**SORBARIA SORBIFOLIA** (Ural False Spirea)—Leaves out very early. Very attractive foliage followed by large, fluffy heads of white flowers June-July. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c.

**SPIREA IS A LARGE FAMILY OF WONDERFUL SHRUBS.**

**SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER**—A dwarf shrub. Bright red flowers June-September. Makes a fine hedge that can be trimmed. 12 to 15 in., 20c; 15 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 35c.

**SPIREA ARGUTA** (Garland Spirea)—Upright shrub, semi dwarf. Covered with small, white flowers April-May, followed by small, light green leaves. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 45c.

**SPIREA BILLARDI** (Billiard's Spirea)—Bright pink flowers in spikes. July-Sept. 12 to 18 in., 15c; 18 to 24 in., 20c; 2 to 3 ft., 30c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**SPIREA FROEBELLI** (Froebel's Spirea)—Vigorous grower, dwarf. Bright pink flowers, May-June. Purplish tips in spring. Will bloom again, if sheared after first blooms are gone. Makes a dandy hedge. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 30c.





### SHRUBS—Continued

**SPIREA JAPANESE SUPERBA** (Callosa Superba)—A dwarf shrub, with dull green leaves. Pinkish-white flowers July-August. 12 to 15 in., 20c.

**SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA** (Double Bridalwreath)—Small, plum-like leaves. Double white flowers. Blooms profusely, April-May. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c.

**SPIREA THUNBERGI** — Low-growing shrub, with slender branches. Feathery, bright green foliage, showy, white flowers, April. 12 to 18 in., 15c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c.

**SPIREA VAN HOUTTE**—Commonly known as Bridalwreath. Pure white flowers. Blooms profusely April-May. 12 to 18 in., 10c; 18 to 24 in., 15c; 2 to 3 ft., 20c; 3 to 4 ft., 30c.

**SYMPHORICARPOS VULGARIS OR CORALBERRY** (Red Snowberry)—A dwarf, hardy shrub. Can be planted around and under large trees. Produces a mass of coral berries that hang on all winter. 12 to 18 in., 15c; 18 to 24 in., 20c; 2 to 3 ft., 30c.

**SYMPHORICARPOS RACEMOSUS** (White Snowberry)—Another good shrub. Dwarf. Can be used anywhere. Pink flowers June-July. Large, white fruit in clusters, in Autumn. 12 to 18 in., 15c; 18 to 24 in., 20c; 2 to 3 ft., 30c.

**TAMARIX AMURENSIS** (Amur Tamarix) — Strong growing shrub with purple branches. Silvery foliage with pink flowers May-June. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**TAMARIX HISPIDA** (Kashgar Tamarix)—Feathery silver foliage. Bright pink flowers, June-July. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**VIBURNUM DENTATUM** (Arrowwood) — Attractive foliage, bushy growth, single white flowers April-May, followed by bluish-black fruit. 12 to 18 in., 15c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**VIBURNUM OPULUS** (Cranberry Bush)—Well known, hardy shrub. Single white flowers April-May, followed by scarlet berries hanging on until spring. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILIS** (Snowball)—Well known, popular shrub. Large balls of white flowers, April-May. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

**WEIGELA EVA RATHKE** (Red Flowering Weigela) — Blooms profusely, producing brilliant crimson flowers May-June. Does well in shade. 12 to 18 in., 30c; 18 to 24 in., 40c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

**WEIGELA ROSEA** (Pink Weigela) — A popular shrub, with beautiful showy, pink flowers May-June. Good on north side, or in shade. 12 to 18 in., 20c; 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c.



A nook on the lawn





A well trimmed hedge

HEDGING

*This is a lighter grade of stock than our standardized grades but it is young, healthy stock and will do well.*

**BARBERRY THUNBERGI** (Japanese Barberry)—Two year old plants.

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
9 to 12 inch.....	\$ .40	\$ .90	\$3.25
12 to 18 inch.....	.65	1.35	4.75
18 to 24 inch.....	1.00	2.00	7.00

**PRIVET, AMOOR RIVER**—These are used almost exclusively for hedges.

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
12 to 18 inch.....	\$ .70	\$1.40	\$5.00
18 to 24 inch.....	1.00	2.25	8.00
2 to 3 ft.....	1.35	3.00	11.00

**PRIVET, RUSSIAN GOLDEN**—A yellow leaved variety, foliage hangs on almost all winter. More bushy than the above and makes a tighter hedge..

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
12 to 18 inch.....	\$1.25	\$2.50	\$10.00
18 to 24 inch.....	1.50	3.25	12.50

**SPIREA VAN HOUTTE** (Bridal Wreath)—Makes a nice hedge, when trimmed.

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
12 to 18 inch.....	\$ .80	\$1.60	\$6.00
18 to 24 inch.....	1.35	2.50	9.00

**SPIREA FROEBELLI** (Frobel's Spirea)—Makes a real hedge. Grows about two to three feet high. Trims well but doesn't need much. Pink flowers.

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
12 to 18 inch.....	\$1.70	\$3.25	\$12.00

**SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER**—A good border plant or hedge. Bright red flowers. June-Sept. Should be trimmed some.

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
9 to 12 inch.....	\$1.40	\$2.75	\$10.00
12 to 18 inch.....	1.60	3.25	12.00



Barberry Thunbergi





Vines serve many purposes

## VINES

*Serve many purposes.*

**AMPELOPSIS VEITCHI** (Boston Ivy) — Beautiful foliage in spring and summer, changing to crimson scarlet in fall. Clings tightly to brick, stone or cement walls. Does best on the east or north. 2 yr. old, 35c; 3 yr., 45c.

**AMPELOPSIS ENGELMANI** (Engelman's Creeper)—A good, hardy, clinging vine. Brilliant coloring in the fall. 2 yr. old, 25c; 3 yr. old, 30c.

**AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA** (Virginia Creeper) — A rapid growing, hardy vine. Good for trellises or verandas. 2 yr. old, 25c; 3 yr. old, 30c.

**BIGNONIA RADICANS** (Trumpet Vine)—An upright vine. Good for pillars, stone or otherwise. Large, trumpet shaped flowers. July-August. 2 yr. old, 25c; 3 yr. old, 30c.

**BITTERSWEET** (*Celastrus Scandens*) — A rapid growing, twining vine. Bright orange berries with scarlet seed in autumn. 2 yr. old, 30c; 3 yr. old, 40c.

## CLEMATIS

*Should be grown on trellises.*

**CLEMATIS JACKMANI**—Large Purple. 2 year No. 1, 75c.

**CLEMATIS HENRYI**—Large white. 2 year No. 1, 75c.

**CLEMATIS MME. ED. ANDRE**—Large Red. 2 year No. 1, 75c.

**CLEMATIS PANICULATA** (Sweet scented Clematis)—Small white flowers, in autumn 2 year No. 1, 25c.

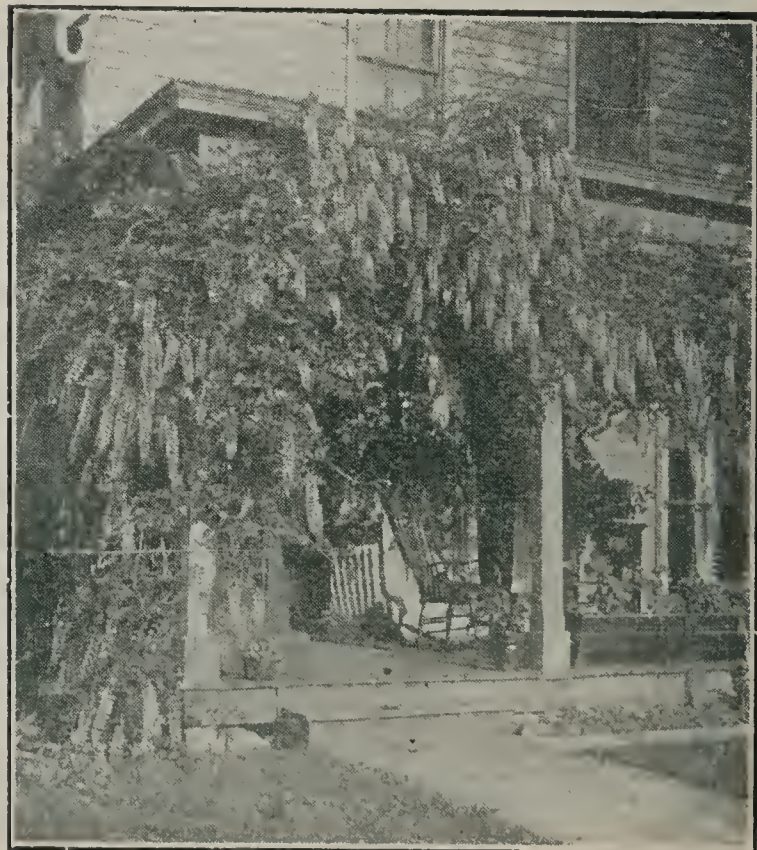
**EUONYMUS, RADICANS VEGETUS** (Big-leaf Wintercreeper) — Evergreen. Dark green, thick leaves, produces bright scarlet berries. Will cling to stone or brick walls and good on trellises. 2 year No. 1 30c.

**HONEYSUCKLE, JAPONICA HALLEANA** (Hall's Japan)—Rapid growing vine with beautiful foliage. Fragrant, creamy white flowers. Makes fine covering for caves, terraces or trellises. 2 yr. old, 25c; 3 yr. old, 30c.

**HONEYSUCKLE SEMPERVIRENS** (Scarlet Trumpet)—Upright grower. Dark green foliage. Long, tubular scarlet flowers. Used mostly on trellises. 2 yr. old, 25c; 3 yr. old, 30c.

**POLYGONUM AUBRETIA** (China Fleece-vine)—Rapid growing climber, producing large foamy sprays of creamy-white flowers throughout the summer and fall. 2 yr. old, 50c; 3 yr. old, 65c.

**WISTERIA AMERICAN** (*Frutescens*) — Tall vigorous climber. Lilac-purple flowers. June, July. For trellises, etc. Very hardy. 2 yr. old, 20c; 3 yr. old, 50c; Grafted from blooming wood, 50c.



Wisteria Vine



## DECIDUOUS TREES

*Our trees are grown in Nursery rows and spaced so as to insure nice trees.*

*Our shade and ornamental trees are first-class, well shaped, young and vigorous. Grown in soil that especially develops fibrous roots, which insures good results. All grades are based on standardized grades, where caliper and height are both important.*

*Where caliper grades are shown, as 1 inch, 2 inch, 3 inch, etc., it means the diameter six inches above the ground.*

*You may select an assortment of shade trees and deduct the following:*

- 10% on two or more trees
- 15% on six or more trees
- 20% on twelve or more trees



Moline Elms

**ASH, AMERICAN WHITE**—A tall growing, valuable tree. Very hardy. 5-6 ft., 50c; 6-8 ft., 75c; 8-10 ft., \$1.25; 10-12 ft., \$1.50.

**BIRCH, COMMON WHITE**—A rapid growing Birch. Its paper bark becomes very white as it attains age. 4-5 ft., \$1.00; 5-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-8 ft., \$1.75; 8-10 ft., \$2.50.

**BIRCH, CUT LEAF WEEPING**—A graceful white-barked tree with drooping limbs and cut leaved foliage. Highly recommended for lawn planting. 4-5 ft., \$1.50; 5-6 ft., \$2.00; 6-8 ft., \$3.00; 8-10 ft., \$3.50; 10-12 ft., \$4.50.

**BOX ELDER**—A rapid growing tree. Good in the northwest. Not recommended for city planting. 5-6 ft., 40c; 6-8 ft., 60c; 8-10 ft., 75c; 10-12 ft., \$1.50.

**BUCKEYE, COMMON**—A small tree that has long, slim, smooth leaves and greenish-yellow flowers followed by prickly burrs that contain the buckeyes in the fall. 4-5 ft., \$1.25; 5-6 ft., \$2.00; 6-8 ft., \$3.00.

### **CATALPA BUNGEI (Umbrella Catalpa)**—

These are grafted on a Catalpa stock and will not grow any taller. Has a round, ball-shaped head of large leaves. 5-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-7 ft., \$1.50.

### **CATALPA SPECIOSA (Western Catalpa)**—

A fast growing tree, not desirable for street planting. Better for timber lots. Makes good posts. 5-6 ft., 35c; 6-8 ft., 60c; 8-10 ft., \$1.25.

### **CRAB, BECHTEL'S DBL. FLOWERING**—

A beautiful, double, pink-flowering crab, with fragrant flowers May, June. Does well where not affected by Cedar rust. 18-24 in., 45c; 2-3 ft., 60c; 3-4 ft., 95c.

### **CRAB, HOPA (Red Flowering)**—

A beautiful, pyramidal growing tree with attractive foliage. Entirely covered with rose-colored flowers in April. Fruit red inside and out, hanging on late. Very hardy and free from disease. 3-4 ft., 65c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00; 5-6 ft., \$1.25.



Catalpa Bungei





Cut Leaf Weeping White Birch

## DECIDUOUS TREES—Continued

**ELM, AMERICAN WHITE**—The most popular American tree for street and general planting. 5-6 ft., 35c; 6-8 ft., 50c; 8-10 ft., 65c; 10-12 ft., 90c; 2 in., \$2.50; 3 in., \$4.00.

**ELM CHINESE**—A hardy, rapid grower. Slender branches, compact habit of growth, with small attractive leaves. Does well in dry territory. 3-4 ft., 25c; 4-5 ft., 35c; 5-6 ft., 50c; 6-8 ft., 75c; 8-10 ft., \$1.25; 2 in., \$3.00; 3 in., \$5.00.

**ELM, MOLINE**—A new, pyramidal, vigorous growing variety, with large, handsome, green foliage. Fine tree for street planting. 5-6 ft., 40c; 6-8 ft., 60c; 8-10 ft., 75c; 10-12 ft., \$1.00; 2 in., \$3.00; 3 in., \$5.00.

**ELM, VASE**—Another budded variety of American Elm, with vase formation of limbs. A distinct improvement. 5-6 ft., 40c; 6-8 ft., 60c; 8-10 ft., 75c; 10-12 ft., \$1.00; 2 in., \$3.00; 3 in., \$5.00.

**HACKBERRY**—A valuable shade tree of rapid, spreading growth. Limbs seldom broken by wind. Free from disease. 5-6 ft., 75c; 6-8 ft., \$1.00; 8-10 ft., \$1.50; 10-12 ft., \$2.00; 2 in., \$3.50; 3 in., \$5.00.

**LINDEN, AMERICAN (Basswood)**—Rapid growing tree. Large, glossy leaves. Fragrant, yellow flowers, June. Spreading habit, sometimes pyramidal. 4-5 ft., 75c; 5-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$1.25; 8-10 ft., \$1.50; 10-12 ft., \$2.50.

**LOCUST, HONEY**—A thorny tree with attractive, pinnate leaves. Fragrant white

flowers in May. Long lived, hardy trees. Succeeds in most any soil. Not affected by borers. 4-5 ft., 40c; 5-6 ft., 60c; 6-8 ft., 85c; 8-10 ft., \$1.25; 10-12 ft., \$1.75.

**LOCUST, THORNLESS HONEY**—Same as above but thornless. Makes a very good street or shade tree. 4-5 ft., 50c; 5-6 ft., 75c; 6-8 ft., \$1.00; 8-10 ft., \$1.35; 10-12 ft., \$1.85.

**LOCUST, BLACK**—A valuable heat and drouth resisting tree, with fragrant, white flowers in May. 4-5 ft., 25c; 5-6 ft., 40c; 6-8 ft., 60c; 8-10 ft., 85c; 10-12 ft., \$1.25.

**MAPLE, NORWAY**—Hardy, popular tree. Fine for street and park planting. Spreading habit, with bright, green foliage. 5-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-8 ft., \$1.60; 8-10 ft., \$2.00; 1½ in., \$3.00; 2 in., \$4.00.

**MAPLE, SCHWEDLER'S (Purple Leaf Maple)**—Very popular because of its purple leaves, in the spring. 5-6 ft., \$1.75; 6-8 ft., \$2.50; 8-10 ft., \$3.00.

**MAPLE, SILVER (Soft Maple)**—A well-known, rapid growing tree. Leaves silver underneath. 5-6 ft., 35c; 6-8 ft., 50c; 8-10 ft., 65c; 10-12 ft., \$1.00; 2 in., \$2.50; 3 in., \$4.00.

**MAPLE, SUGAR (Hard Maple)**—A splendid ornamental tree. Foliage turns bright orange, sometimes scarlet in autumn. 5-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-8 ft., \$1.85; 8-10 ft., \$2.25; 10-12 ft., \$3.00.

**MOUNTAIN ASH**—Small, white flowers, followed by bright red fruit in large clusters, hanging on late in the season. One of our most beautiful small trees. 4-5 ft., \$1.00; 5-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-8 ft., \$1.75; 8-10 ft., \$2.50.

**MULBERRY, WEEPING**—A popular yard tree, with its drooping limbs reaching the ground. Black fruit, in July. 2 yr. heads, 5-6 ft., \$1.85.



The Great American Elm





Weeping Willows

**DECIDUOUS TREES—Continued**

**OAK, PIN**—A rapid growing Oak. Leaves deeply cut, taking on a wonderful coloring in the autumn. Transplants better than most Oaks. 4-5 ft., 85c; 5-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-8 ft., \$1.60; 8-10 ft., \$2.50.

**POPLAR, BOLLEANA (Silver Leaved)**—A rapid growing, columnar tree with silver foliage and greenish bark. 4-5 ft., 75c; 5-6 ft., 90c; 6-8 ft., \$1.25; 8-10 ft., \$1.75.

**POPLAR, NORWAY**—A rapid growing tree. Extensively planted where fast growth is desired. 5-6 ft., 25c; 6-8 ft., 35c; 8-10 ft., 60c; 10-12 ft., 75c.

**POPLAR, LOMBARDY OR VOLGA**—A tall, pyramidal tree, limbs from the ground up. Fine for screens and does not seed. 4-5 ft., 25c; 5-6 ft., 40c; 6-8 ft., 50c; 8-10 ft., 75c; 10-12 ft., \$1.00.

## PRUNUS OR ORNAMENTAL FLOWERING PLUM

**PRUNUS, MINNESOTA PURPLE** — A hardy, purple leaved tree. Its rich, purplish-red foliage makes it a desirable tree. We grow it in bush form. 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 65c; 4-5 ft., 85c.

**PRUNUS NEWPORT (Purple Leaved)**—Faster grower than the above. New foliage brighter red. Small, pink flowers. Grown mostly in bush form. 2-3 ft., 55c; 3-4 ft., 65c; 4-5 ft., 85c; 5-6 ft., \$1.00.

**PRUNUS TRILOBA (Dbl. Flowering Plum)**—A handsome, hardy, vigorous large shrub or small tree with double pink flowers in April, May. 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 65c; 4-5 ft., 80c.

**RED BUD**—Very attractive. Rosy pink, almost red flowers, in April. 2-3 ft., 75c; 3-4 ft., \$1.00; 4-5 ft., \$1.25.

**ROSE ACACIA (Flowering Locust)**—A flowering shrub or small tree. Branches covered with rosy-pink flowers. Grafted and will not sprout. 2-3 ft., 60c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00.

**RUSSIAN OLIVE**—Attractive, silvery gray leaves and grayish-white berries. Used frequently for hedge and windbreaks. 4-5 ft., 75c; 5-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$1.25; 8-10 ft., \$1.75.

**SYCAMORE (Planetree)**—Large, handsome leaves. Smooth, light-colored, almost creamy-white bark with age. 5-6 ft., 75c; 6-8 ft., \$1.00; 8-10 ft., \$1.25; 10-12 ft., \$1.75.

**WALNUT, BLACK**—Valuable for wood and nuts. 3-4 ft., 35c; 4-5 ft., 60c; 5-6 ft., 80c; 6-8 ft., \$1.10.

**WILLOW, NIOBE WEEPING** — Attractive golden bark and Wisconsin Weeping with green bark. Hardy, fast-growing, with drooping limbs. Nice, clean trees. 4-5 ft., 80c; 5-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-8 ft., \$1.75; 8-10 ft., \$2.25.



Norway Maple





An Attractive Evergreen Planting

## EVERGREENS

### SPECIMEN STOCK

*We believe we have the largest assortment of Evergreens in the West. We propagate all of our own Evergreens and they are all transplanted from time to time, to develop the required root system and pruned to give them shape.*

NOTE—Evergreens are dug with ball of earth and burlapped. They will be shipped by freight or truck unless otherwise instructed. The burlap, next to the earth, should be left on when planted.

You may select an assortment of Evergreens and deduct the following:

10% on 2 or more  
15% on 6 or more  
20% on 12 or more

LOW and SPREADING types of Evergreens are measured across.

**ARBORVITAE, AMERICAN PYRAMIDAL**  
—Broad at the base, tapering to the top. Straight, narrow, columnar shape, splendid for accents or formal plantings. Bright green foliage. 12-18 in., \$1.00; 18-24 in., \$1.50; 2-3 ft., \$2.00.

**ARBORVITAE, ORIENTAL COMPACTA (Chinese)**—A rapid grower of compact habit. Bright green foliage. 12-18 in., \$1.00; 18-24 in., \$1.50; 2-3 ft., \$2.00; 3-4 ft., \$3.50.

**ARBORVITAE, ORIENTAL COMMON (Chinese)**—A more loose grower. Upright and a good tree. 12-18 in., 75c; 18-24 in., \$1.00; 2-3 ft., \$1.25; 3-4 ft., \$2.00.

**ARBORVITAE, WAREANA (Ware, Siberian Type)**—Very hardy, bushy. Slow grower with dark green foliage. 12-18 in., \$1.00; 18-24 in., \$1.50; 2-3 ft., \$2.00.

**ARBORVITAE, WOODWARD'S GLOBE**—A globe-shaped variety. Hardy. Fine, bright green foliage. 12-18 in., \$1.50; 18-24 in., \$2.00.

**FIR, CONCOLOR**—A beautiful tree for yard planting. Blue-green foliage. A long needled fir. 12-18 in., \$2.00; 18-24 in., \$3.50; 2-3 ft., \$4.50; 3-4 ft., \$9.00; 4-5 ft., \$12.50; 5-6 ft., \$18.50.

**FIR, DOUGLAS**—Foliage bluish-green. Tall, rapid grower. Stands drouth. 12-18 in., \$1.25; 18-24 in., \$1.65; 2-3 ft., \$2.25; 3-4 ft., \$3.50; 4-5 ft., \$5.00.

## JUNIPER

*The most used Evergreen in the middle west. Forms of Juniper vary from those growing flat on the ground to those 80 to 100 feet tall.*

**JUNIPER CANNARTI**—Foliage deep green, winter and summer. Columnar type. Blue berries. 18-24 in., \$2.25; 2-3 ft., \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$4.25; 4-5 ft., \$6.00; 5-6 ft., \$9.00.

**JUNIPER COMMUNIS DEPRESSA (Prostrate Juniper)**—A low growing, vase shaped form. Silver and green foliage. 12-18 in., \$1.25; 18-24 in., \$2.50; 2-3 ft., \$3.50.



Juniper





A Wonderful Planting—Some Evergreens Used

**JUNIPERS—Continued**

**JUNIPER EXCELSA STRICTA** (Spiny Greek Juniper)—Dense, compact, broad pyramidal form. Gray-green foliage. 9-12 in., \$1.00; 12-15 in., \$1.50; 15-18 in., \$2.50.

**JUNIPER GLAUCA** (Silver Red Cedar)—A tall, columnar tree, with steel-blue foliage. 18-24 in., \$2.25; 2-3 ft., \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$4.25; 4-5 ft., \$6.00; 5-6 ft., \$9.00.

**JUNIPER, IRISH**—A well-known variety. Never grows more than six or seven feet tall. Deep green and silver foliage. 12-18 in., \$1.00; 18-24 in., \$1.50; 2-3 ft., \$2.00; 3-4 ft., \$3.50.

**JUNIPER, LEE'S GOLDEN**—Golden tipped, spreading type. Hardy and very attractive in winter. 12-18 in., \$1.50; 18-24 in., \$2.50; 2-3 ft., \$3.50.

**JUNIPER PFITZERIANA** (Chinese Type)—Broad, spreading, with gray-green foliage. Will do well in shade as well as in the full sun. Very hardy. 12-18 in., \$1.25; 18-24 in., \$2.25; 2-3 ft., \$3.00.

**JUNIPER PLUMOSA DEPRESSA** (Andorra)—A spreading type. Low-growing. Fine, green foliage, turning almost red in the winter. 12-18 in., \$1.75; 18-24 in., \$2.50; 2-3 ft., \$3.50.

**JUNIPER, PROSTRATE TYPES**—We are growing many prostrate varieties of our own origin. They are all hardy and make a solid green carpet. Used for terraces, grave coverings or between a walk and the house, where the space is limited, also in rockeries. 12-18 in., \$2.00; 18-24 in., \$2.75; 2-3 ft., \$3.50.

**JUNIPER TAMARISCIFOLIA**—An excellent, low-spreading type. Fine, blue-green foliage. 12-15 in., \$1.50; 18-24 in., \$2.50.

**JUNIPER SABINA** (Savin's Juniper)—Spreading. Fine for rockeries or foundation planting. More vase-shaped than the above. 9-12 in., \$1.00; 12-18 in., \$1.25; 18-24 in., \$2.00; 2-3 ft., \$2.50.

**JUNIPER SCOPULORUM** (Colorado Silver Cedar)—Handsome, compact, pyramidal, with a silver-cast foliage. Very desirable. Does not turn brown in winter. Very resistant to disease. 18-24 in., \$2.00; 2-3 ft., \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$4.00; 4-5 ft., \$5.50; 5-6 ft., \$7.50; 6-8 ft., \$10.00.



A Walk Through the Garden





A New Planting

**JUNIPERS—Continued**

**JUNIPER, RED CEDAR**—Local type. Well-known hardy variety. Upright. Green foliage, turning bronze color in the winter. 3-4 ft., \$3.00; 4-5 ft., \$4.00; 5-6 ft., \$5.50; 6-8 ft., \$7.00; 8-10 ft., \$9.00; 10-12 ft., \$13.50.

**PINE, AUSTRIAN**—Vigorous and easy to grow. Long, dark green needles. 12-18 in., \$1.00; 18-24 in., \$1.50; 2-3 ft., \$2.00; 3-4 ft., \$3.00; 4-5 ft., \$4.50.

**PINE, JACK**—Does well in most any kind of soil. Well adapted to sandy, dry territory. Makes a fine windbreak. 12-18 in., 75c; 18-24 in., \$1.00; 2-3 ft., \$2.00; 3-4 ft., \$3.00; 4-5 ft., \$4.50.

**PINE, MUGHO**—Very hardy. Spreading, dwarf, compact habit. Fine for rockeries, foundation plantings, to be used in front of larger growing varieties. 9-12 in., \$1.00; 12-18 in., \$1.25; 18-24 in., \$2.25; 2-3 ft., \$3.50.

**NEW GRAFTED EVERGREENS**

—We have selected and grafted a few fine specimen Juniper of the Scopulorum family. We are not going to list the varieties at this time. They vary in color from dark silver blue to a light silver green. Many of our customers desire to plant a pair of Juniper on either side of an entrance, and of course demand the pair of Juniper to be of the same type, color and habit. This can only be accomplished by grafting. We are offering the following grades and prices: 2-3 ft., \$5.00; 3-4 ft., \$7.50; 4-5 ft., \$10.00 each.

**PINE, PONDEROSA** (Bull or Western Yellow Pine)—Has extra long gray-green needles. Grows almost anywhere. 18-24 in., \$1.50; 2-3 ft., \$2.00; 3-4 ft., \$3.00; 4-5 ft., \$4.50; 5-6 ft., \$6.50.

**PINE, SCOTCH**—A well-known Pine. Planted everywhere. Medium long needles. 12-18 in., 75c; 18-24 in., \$1.00; 2-3 ft., \$1.50; 3-4 ft., \$2.50; 4-5 ft., \$3.50; 5-6 ft., \$5.00; 6-8 ft., \$7.50.

**PINE, WHITE**—Rapid, upright grower. Soft, dark green needles. 12-18 in., \$1.00; 18-24 in., \$1.50; 2-3 ft., \$2.00; 3-4 ft., \$3.00.

**SPRUCE, BLACK HILLS**—Hardest of the Spruces. Slow grower. Good lawn tree, with dark green foliage. 12-18 in., \$1.25; 18-24 in., \$1.75; 2-3 ft., \$2.25; 3-4 ft., \$3.50; 4-5 ft., \$5.50; 5-6 ft., \$7.50; 6-8 ft., \$10.00.

**SPRUCE, BLUE**—A selected, blue-colored type. Taken from the Colorado Blue variety. 12-18 in., \$3.00; 18-24 in., \$5.00; 2-3 ft., \$7.00; 3-4 ft., \$12.00; 4-5 ft., \$16.00.

**SPRUCE, COLORADO BLUE**—Medium in color. Gets more blue as it attains age. 12-18 in., \$2.00; 18-24 in., \$2.50; 2-3 ft., \$4.00; 3-4 ft., \$7.50; 4-5 ft., \$10.00.

**SPRUCE, NORWAY**—Rapid grower. Dark green foliage. Makes good lawn tree. Also used extensively for windbreaks. 12-18 in., 85c; 18-24 in., \$1.00; 2-3 ft., \$1.75; 3-4 ft., \$2.50; 4-5 ft., \$3.50.

**SPRUCE, WHITE**—More dense than Norway Spruce, although it grows nearly as fast. Silvery-green foliage. 12-18 in., \$1.00; 18-24 in., \$1.25; 2-3 ft., \$1.75; 3-4 ft., \$3.00; 4-5 ft., \$4.00.



Evergreen Foundation Planting





## WINDBREAK AND TIMBER LOT STOCK

*Think of them as matured and the protection they afford against the cold and hot winds. They are everlasting.*

*Our Evergreens are dug fresh from our Evergreen beds at planting time and shipped immediately. The critical time for Evergreens is usually July and August, following spring planting, therefore they should be well protected, cultivated, mulched with straw, and watered through this period.*

*Evergreens can not be packed with other stock but will be shipped separate.*

	PREPAID	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100
Douglas Fir, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		\$ 2.35	\$ 4.50	\$ 8.00
Douglas Fir, 6-12 inch Transplants.....		2.75	5.00	9.50
Silver Cedar, Colorado, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		3.25	6.25	12.75
Silver Cedar, Colorado, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		5.50	10.50	20.00
Black Hills Spruce, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		2.50	4.50	8.50
Black Hills Spruce, 6-12 inch Transplants.....		3.50	6.50	12.00
White Spruce, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		1.25	2.50	4.50
White Spruce, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		2.50	4.50	8.50
Norway Spruce, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		1.25	2.50	4.50
Norway Spruce, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		2.50	4.50	8.50
Colorado Blue Spruce, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		2.00	3.50	6.50
Colorado Blue Spruce, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		6.00	11.00	21.00
Austrian Pine, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		2.00	3.50	6.50
Austrian Pine, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		4.00	7.00	13.00
Jack Pine, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		1.00	1.50	2.50
Jack Pine, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		2.00	3.50	6.50
Lodge Pole Pine, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		2.50	4.50	8.00
Bull Pine, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		2.00	3.50	6.50
Bull Pine, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		4.00	7.00	13.00
Scotch Pine, 6-12 inch Seedlings.....		1.50	2.50	4.50
Scotch Pine, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		3.00	5.00	9.50
Red Norway Pine, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		5.00	9.50	18.00
Pitch Pine, 12-18 inch Transplants.....		3.00	5.50	10.50

We would be pleased to quote on larger grades of Transplants in fine developed stock.



SEEDLINGS

	PREPAID	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100
Ash, 6-12 inch.....			1.75	2.75
Ash, 12-18 inch.....		.75	2.25	4.00
Catalpa, 6-12 inch.....			1.65	3.00
Catalpa, 12-18 inch.....		.65	1.95	3.65
Catalpa, 18-24 inch.....		.90	2.75	5.00
Caragana, 6-12 inch.....			1.65	3.00
Caragana, 12-18 inch.....		.95	3.00	5.50
Cottonwood, 12-18 inch.....			1.15	2.00
Cottonwood, 18-24 inch.....			1.65	3.00
Elm, American, 6-12 inch.....			1.25	2.00
Elm, American, 12-18 inch.....		.60	1.75	3.25
Elm, American, 18-24 inch.....		.90	2.75	5.00
Elm, Chinese, 6-12 inch.....			2.00	3.75
Elm, Chinese, 12-18 inch.....		.75	2.50	4.65
Elm, Chinese, 18-24 inch.....		1.15	3.50	6.00
Locust Honey, Thornless, 6-12 inch.....			1.25	2.25
Locust Honey, Thornless, 12-18 inch.....		.70	2.00	3.75
Locust Honey, Thornless, 18-24 inch.....		.90	3.25	6.00
Mulberry, Russian, 6-12 inch.....			1.65	3.00
Mulberry, Russian, 12-18 inch.....		.65	2.00	3.75
Mulberry, Russian, 18-24 inch.....		.90	3.25	6.00
Russian Olive, 6-12 inch.....		.85	2.75	5.00
Russian Olive, 12-18 inch.....		1.10	3.85	7.00
Russian Olive, 18-24 inch.....		1.35	4.85	9.00
Willow, Russian Golden, 18-24 inch.....		1.10	3.25	6.00
Willow, Russian Golden, 2-3 feet.....		1.35	4.00	7.75
Willow, Laurel Leaf, 18-24 inch.....		1.10	3.25	6.00
Willow, Laurel Leaf, 2-3 feet.....		1.35	4.00	7.75



A Nice Row of Spruce



Real Protection Against Winds



## ROSES

*We are going to give you a very brief description of Roses, as most of you are familiar with them. We never list any untried varieties.*

*We are glad to give you any information as to spraying and protection. Tea Roses are a little more tender than other sorts.*

*Prices are postpaid on three or more.*

### HYBRID PERPETUALS

More hardy than most of the Tea Roses. Do not bloom continuously but will bloom satisfactorily. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**AMERICAN BEAUTY**—A very popular cerise-red variety.

**FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI**—Very popular, large, pure white.

**GENERAL JACQUEMINOT (Gen. Jack)**—Old favorite, dark red garden rose.

**PAUL NEYRON**—Large rose-pink flowers. Almost thornless.

### TEA, HYBRID TEA AND EVER-BLOOMING ROSES

2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**BETTY UPRICHARD**—Center petals a rich salmon-pink to carmine, outer petals are carmine with coppery shadings suffused orange.

**COLUMBIA**—Pointed, vivid pink blooms.

**DAME EDITH HELEN**—One of the largest and most perfectly formed pink Roses known.

**GRUSS AN TEPLITZ**—Brilliant deep red, with velvety-crimson sheen.

**JONKEER J. L. MOCK**—Very double, brilliant pink.

**MRS. AARON WARD**—Fawn colored buds and blooms.

**MRS. CHAS. BELL**—Soft shell-pink with a salmon background.

**RADIANCE RED**—Bright, rosy-red form of radiance.

**RADIANCE PINK**—Large, brilliant rose-pink, very fragrant.

2 yr. No. 1, 65c; 3 for \$1.75; 2 yr. medium, 50c; 3 for \$1.35.

**ETOILE DE HOLLANDE**—One of the best red Teas for general purposes.

**E. G. HILL**—Flower of attractive scarlet, shading to a deeper red as it develops. Long stems and fine colored foliage. Very productive and sweetly scented.

**LADY MARGARET STEWART**—Immense copper-red buds opening to bright, golden flowers of wonderful form and color.

**OPHELIA GOLDEN**—Golden yellow. Seedling of Ophelia.



Roses for the Vase

**PRES. HERBERT HOOVER**—Medium orange, center red shades, large flowers.

**REV. F. PAGE ROBERTS**—Flowers of golden yellow, stained copper and reddish buff.

**SOUV. DE CLAUDIUS PERNET**—Popular variety of pure sunflower shades.

**TALISMAN**—Golden yellow, stained with copper-red and orange-rose on the inside of the petal.

### BABY ROSES OR DWARF POLYANTHA

2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**CATHERINE ZEIMET**—Double, pure white, fragrant. Borne in large clusters.

**CRIMSON BABY**—Small, semi-double, light crimson. Dense clusters.

**EDITH CAVELL**—Brilliant scarlet, overlaid velvety crimson.

**ELLEN PAULSEN**—Rather large, fairly full flowers of bright rose-pink. Slightly fragrant.

**GEORGE ELGER**—Medium sized. Very double, golden-yellow flowers, borne in big clusters.

**GOLDEN SALMON**—New, bright orange-salmon, very attractive. Fine for mass planting. Blooms continuously.

**IDEAL**—Dark scarlet, borne in profusion. Immense, compact bunches. Vigorous and blooms continuously.





Climbing Roses

## CLIMBING ROSES

**BLAZE**—The Rose sensation of the past season. A combination of the vigor, beauty and hardiness of the Paul's Scarlet Climber and the everblooming qualities of the Gruss an Teplitz. 2 yr. No. 1, \$1.50; 3 for \$4.25.

**CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY**—Brilliant carmine-red. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**CRIMSON RAMBLER**—Deep crimson. 2 yr. No. 1, 40c; 3 for \$1.10; 2 yr. medium, 35c; 3 for 90c.

**DOROTHY PERKINS**—Shell pink. 2 yr. No. 1, 40c; 3 for \$1.10; 2 yr. medium, 25c; 3 for 65c.

**DR. VAN FLEET**—Pale pink buds and flowers, borne on long, individual stems. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**EXCELSA**—Clear red. Clusters very large. 2 yr. No. 1, 40c; 3 for \$1.10; 2 yr. medium, 25c; 3 for 65c.

**GARDENIA**—Rich creamy-yellow. Borne in small sprays. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 35c; 3 for 90c.

**PAUL'S SCARLET**—Intense scarlet flowers of excellent shape and moderate size. Borne in small trusses. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 35c; 3 for 90c.

**SETIGERA**—Bright pink flowers in large clusters. Late. Single. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**SILVER MOON**—Large, semi-double, silvery-white flowers. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

## RUGOSA, RUGOSA HYBRID AND MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

**AMELIA GRAVEREAUX**—Rich carmine-purple. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**AUSTRIAN COPPER**—Single, brilliant, orange-red flowers inside and yellow outside. 2 yr. No. 1, 75c; 3 for \$2.00; 2 yr. medium, 50c; 3 for \$1.35.

**BELLE POITEVINE**—Bright pink, borne in clusters. Semi-dwarf. 2 yr. No. 1, 40c; 3 for \$1.00; 2 yr. medium, 30c; 3 for 75c.

**F. J. GROOTENDORST**—Double, bright crimson in large clusters. 2 yr. No. 1, 65c; 3 for \$1.75; 2 yr. medium, 45c; 3 for \$1.25.

**HANSA**—Double reddish-violet flowers of large size. 2 yr. No. 1, 40c; 3 for \$1.00; 2 yr. medium, 30c; 3 for 75c.

**HUGONIS**—Light yellow flowers borne profusely on slender branches. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**LUCIDA**—Bright pink flowers, followed by shining red fruit. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**MRS. ANTHONY WATERER**—Large, double crimson. Very hardy. Distinct Rugosa foliage. 2 yr. No. 1, 40c; 3 for \$1.00; 2 yr. medium, 30c; 3 for 75c.

**PERSIAN YELLOW**—Double, small, golden-yellow. 2 yr. No. 1, 65c; 3 for \$1.75; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**RUBIGINOSA (Sweetbriar)**—Single, pink flower, borne singly. Orange-red fruit. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**SARAH VAN FLEET**—Double, wild rose-pink. Fragrant. Vigorous grower. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 2 yr. medium, 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

**SIR THOMAS LIPTON**—Large, double, pure white. Profuse bloomer. 2 yr. No. 1, 40c; 3 for \$1.00; 2 yr. medium, 30c; 3 for 75c.



A Hedge of Rugosa Roses



# HARDY PERENNIALS and ALPINE PLANTS

*These plants die down in winter and come up the next spring. You can select an assortment from this list that will give you flowers for the vase as well as the garden throughout the entire summer.*

All two-year old, heavy, field-grown plants.

Price, 20c each; six for \$1.00; twelve for \$1.85, unless otherwise priced. **POSTAGE PAID** on orders of \$1.00 or more.

PERENNIALS should not be packed with trees or shrubs, so will be packed separately and shipped in good time for planting. Orders of 12—You may select an assortment of 3 varieties and obtain dozen rates.

Varieties (\*) indicates adaptability for rock plants.

Color indicates bloom; Month period of blooming season. (in.) inches high when in bloom. (ft.) feet high when in bloom.

All plants quoted are FIELD GROWN PLANTS of such size as most satisfactory for landscape work.

\***ACHILLEA** (Milfoil or Yarrow) **Millefolium Roseum** (Rosy Milfoil) — Heads of soft rose flowers, finely cut foliage. June-August. 18 in.

**Ptarmica**, The Pearl—White. June-July. 18 in.

**ALTHEA ROSEA** (Hollyhock) — Double, various colors from pure white to a deep maroon. July. 5 ft.

\***ALYSSUM** (Rock Madwort) **Saxatile Compactum**—Sometimes called "Basket of Gold." Low sprawling habit of growth, producing masses of bright yellow flowers. May. 10 in.

**ALLIUM PULCHELLUM** (Garlic) — Brilliant loose cluster of lilac red flowers. August. 16 in.

**ANCHUSA** (Bugloss) **Italica**, var. **Dropmore**—Bright blue all summer. 3 to 4 ft. **Myosotidiflora**—Clusters of charming blue flowers resembling forget-me-nots. An effective rock plant for shady places. May. 1 ft.

\***ANTHEMIS** (Hardy Marguerite) **Kelwayi** — Bright yellow. July. 2 ft.

**Tinctoria**—Golden yellow, very pretty, cut leaved foliage. June-August. 18 in.

\***AQUILEGIA** (Columbine)—May, June. **Coerulea**, Rocky Mountain Columbine—Blue flowers, long spurs, 18 in.

**Canadensis** (Native Columbine) — Scarlet and orange. 2 ft.

**Chrysantha**—Bright yellow. 2 ft.

**Grandiflora**—White. 2 ft.

**Mrs. Scott Elliotts Long Spurred Hybrids**—The finest of all Long Spurred Mixtures, all colors and shades. 3 ft.



Hardy Perennials and Alpine Plants

**Long Spurred Hybrids**—All shades. 3 ft. **Skinneri**—Scarlet. 2 ft.

\***ARABIS** (Rockcress) **Alpina**—White flowers and foliage. May. 6 in.

\***ARMERIA** (Formosa)—Flowers of deep rose. Blooms in June-July. 9 in.

\***ASCLEPIAS** (Butterfly Weed) **Tuberosa**—Bright orange flowers, seed pods very decorative. July-August. 18 in.

**ASTERS**, Hardy—These are very hardy and should be in every garden.

**Alpine**—Blue. June. 6 in.

**Goliath**—Blue. July. 12 in.

**Climax**—Blue. October. 4 ft.

**Elta**—Pale lilac. October. 3 ft.

**Novae-Angliae Roseum Superbum**—Almost red, very free bloomer. September-October. 4 ft.

**Novae-Angliae**—Dark purple. September-October. 4 ft.

**BAPTISIA** (False Indigo) **Australis**—Deep purple pea shaped flowers. June. 30 in.

**CAMPANULA** \***Carpatica** (Carpathian Harebell)—Blue. June to October. 8 in.

\***Carpatica** (Carpathian Harebell)—White. June to October. 8 in.

\***CERASTIUM** (Snow in Summer) **Tomentosum**—Silvery white foliage, white flowers. May. 3 in.

**CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM** (Shasta Daisy) **Alaska**—Large white flowers. June to August. 2 ft.

**Hartje & Elder**—Early, an improved strain for Decoration Day flowers. May and June. 2 ft.

**Excelsior**—Large white flower. June to August. 2 ft.





A Rock Garden

## HARDY PERENNIALS—Continued

**COREOPSIS Lanceolata Grandiflora**—Large yellow daisy-like flowers. June and July. 2 ft.

**DELPHINIUM (Larkspur) Belladonna**—Turquoise blue, free and continuous bloomer from June until hard frost. 4 ft.

**Bellamosa**—Dark blue. All summer. 4 ft.

**English Hybrids (Wrexham Hollyhock)**—Composed of seeds from some 100 or more superb new seedling.

**English Hybrids (Blackmore and Langdon Strain)**—Contains many double and semi-double plants, color ranges from light to deep blue. All summer. 4 to 5 ft.

**English Hybrids**—Just an extra good grade of Gold Medal Hybrids, very few double and semi-double plants in this strain, but is worth the money. Blooms from June until November. 4 ft.

\***DIANTHUS BARBATUS (Old Fashioned Sweet William) Coccineus (Scarlet Beauty)**—Crimson. May, June. 15 in.  
**Nigricans**—Black-red. May, June. 12 in.  
**Newport**—Pink. May, June. 15 in.  
 Separate Named Varieties—Our selection.

\***CARYOPHYLLUS (Carnation and Clove Pinks) Grenadin**—This is the only Carnation Pink we can truly recommend as being hardy. Flowers are very fragrant, produced on long stems. Blooms from July to August. 2 ft. In separate varieties, any color.

\***LATIFOLIUS ATROCOCCINEUS, FL. PL. (Everblooming Japanese Sweet William)**—Fiery crimson. All summer. 18 in.

\***PLUMARIUS (Hardy Garden Pinks) Semperflorens (Perpetual Flowering)**—In separate colors, rose or pink. 18 in.

\***DIELYTRA (Bleeding Heart) Spectabilis**—The old fashioned variety. May and June. 18 in. 3 to 5 eye divisions. Each 45c; 4 for \$1.50; 12 for \$4.00.

**DIGITALIS (Fox Glove) Grandiflora**—Hardest of the Fox Gloves. Dwarf yellow. June, July. 12 in.

**EUPATORIUM (Hardy Ageratum) Coelestinum**—light purple flowers. August. 18-24 in.

\***FERNS (Hardy Outdoor) Ostrich Plume (Onoclea Struthiopteris)**—Each 30c; 4 for \$1.00; 12 for \$2.50.

\***GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower)**—New English, improved strain. Very large and free bloomer. Yellow and crimson. All summer. 2 ft.

**GOLDEN GLOW**—(See Rudbeckia).

**GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath) Paniculata Compacta**—Pinkish white. July. 2 ft.

**Paniculata Compacta**—Double, pinkish white. 2 ft. Each 35c; 4 for \$1.25; 12 for \$3.00.

**HELENIUM (Sneezeweed) Riverton Gem**—Bright yellow changing to wall-flower red. August, September. 4 ft.

\***HELIANTHEMUM (Rock or Sun Rose) Mutabile Mix**—Many shades. July, September. Evergreen.

**HELIOPSIS (Hardy Zinnia) Pitcheriana**—Bright yellow flowers, very large, useful for cut flowers, foliage very desirable. August to September. 4 ft.

**HEMEROCALLIS (Yellow Day Lily) Dumortieri (Orange Day Lily)**—June. 2 ft.

**Flava (Lemon Lily)**—Bright yellow. June. 2½ ft.

**Fulva (Brown Day Lily)**—Coppery orange, shaded crimson. July. 2 ft.

**Kwanso (Fulva Kwanso)**—Improved brown day lily. 2 ft.



DOUBLE DIANTHUS





Golden Glow

**HARDY PERENNIALS—Continued**

**HEUCHERA** (Coralbells) *Sanguinea*—Bright scarlet bell like flowers on long stems. July, August. 12 to 18 in. Each 35c; 4 for \$1.25; 12 for \$3.00.

**HIBISCUS** (Mallow Marvel)—We have an improved strain of Mallow Marvels. Very large blooms. Some of the flowers measure as much as ten inches in diameter. Mallow Marvels will not come true from seed and each plant must be labeled as to its color. In separate colors, Crimson Eye, Pink, Red and White. In mixed colors. Each 15c; 4 for 50c; 12 for \$1.35.

**HOLLYHOCKS**—(See *Althea Rosea*).

\***IBERIS** (Hardy Candytuft) *Sempervirens*—Dwarf, evergreen foliage, covered with sheet of white. May and June. 8 in.

**LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS** (Perennial Sweet Pea)—This is one of the Perennials that can be used as a vine. Excellent for covering trellis. These charming flowers look very much like its annual relative, the Sweet Pea, but are larger and more wax-like. Blooms throughout the summer from June to August. In separate varieties, Pink Beauty, Crimson, White Pearl. Mixed colors. Each 15c; 4 for 50c; 12 for \$1.35.

\***LIATRIS** (Gay Feather) *Pycnostachya* (Cat-Tail Gay Feather)—Flowers bright purple borne on tall spikes. August-September. 3 ft.

**LILY OF THE VALLEY**—First to bloom in the spring. Clumps.

\***LINUM** (Hardy Flax) *Perenne Blue*—Blue flowers in the morning. July-August. 18 in.

**LUPINES**—Flowers borne on long spikes, pea shaped, must be planted where there is plenty of moisture. June-July. 3 ft. Blue.

**LYCHNIS** (Champion) *Chalcedonica* (Maltese Cross)—Scarlet. June and July. 2 ft.

**LYTHRUM** (Loose Strife) *Roseum Superbum*—Rose colored flowers. July. 3 ft.

**MATRICARIA CAPENSIS** (Hardy Feverfew) *Flora Plena*—Double white flowers. June to October. 18 in.

**MONARDA** (Bee Balm) *Didyma* (Cambridge Scarlet)—Foliage aromatic, bright scarlet flowers. July. 2 ft.

\***MYOSOTIS** (Forget-me-not) *Palustris* (Alpine Forget-me-not)—Tiny blue flowers. All summer. 8 in.

**PAPAVER** (Oriental Poppy) *Orientalis*—Oriental Poppies are best planted in August and September for spring planting is not certain.

Hybrids—Crimson scarlet, with black spot on base of petal.

**PENTSTEMON** (Beard Tongue) *Barbatus Torreyi*—Bright scarlet flowers borne on spikes. June, August. 3 ft.

**PHLOX** *Paniculata* (Except as Noted)—Hardy.

Beacon—Cherry red.

B. Comte—Rich purple.

Bridesmaid—White with red eye.

Champs Elysee—Purplish red.

Eclaireur—Carmine, light eye.

Henry Murger—Pinkish lavender, crimson eye.

Jules Sandeau—Rosy pink.

Marie—Large deep pink, crimson eye, profuse bloomer.

Mrs. Jenkins—White, one of the old standbys.

Richard Wallace—White, crimson eye.

Special French—Rose pink, red eye.

Thor—Deep salmon pink with red eye.

Widar—Reddish violet, white margin.

\***Subulata Dwarf** (Moss or Mountain Pink).

*Rosea*—Pink. April, May. 4 in.



Lupines





Scabiosa

**HARDY PERENNIALS—Continued**

\***PINKS** (Hardy Garden and Carnation)—  
(See *Dianthus Caryophyllus*).

\***PLATYCODON** (Balloon Flower) *Grandiflorum*—In separate colors, blue and white, flowers in bud are balloon shape. June to October. 18 in.

**POLEMONIUM** *Coeruleum* (Greek-Valerian)  
—Erect stems of sky blue flowers. Foliage, fern-like. 1 to 1½ ft. June to July.

**PRIMULA** (Primrose)—Flowers yellow. 8 in.

\***PYRETHRUM** (Painted Daisy) *Hybridum Roseum*—One of the earliest and latest flowers to bloom, producing an abundance of blooms in a wide range of color, good cut flower. June to October. 18 in.  
*Hybridum Roseum Atrosanguineum*—Same as *Roseum* only the blooms, as a rule, are darker shades.

**RUDBECKIA** (Coneflower) *Golden Glow*—One of the old fashioned hardy plants. Produces masses of large golden yellow, double flowers. July to August. 6 ft.  
*Newmanii*—Bright yellow flowers. July to August. 18 in.  
*Purpurea*—Reddish purple flowers with very large black cone for center. July to October.

**SALVIA ARGENTEA** (Silver Leaved Sage)  
—White flowers, large frosty like leaves. July. 24 in.

**SAPONARIA, OCYMOIDES SPLENDENS** (Soapwort)—Half trailing intense rose pink. All summer. 8 in.

**SCABIOSA** (Pin Cushion Flower) *Caucasica* (Blue Bonnet)—Soft shade of lavender. June to September. 18 in. Each 25c; 4 for 90c; 12 for \$2.25.

\***SEDUM** (Stone Crop or Live Forever)—  
America's greatest rock plant.

**Spectabile Brilliant**—Thick fleshy leaves, large flat top of red flowers. August to September. 18 in.

\***STATICE** (Great Sea Lavender)—August. 18 in. All these plants have broad feathery leaves, producing candlebra-like heads. If cut in full bloom make very valuable winter bouquets.

*Latifolia*—Blue.

**VERBASCUM** (Mullein)—Hybrids, flowers borne on spikelike stalks, white to rose, pink and purple. July-August. 18 in.

**VERONICA** (Speedwell) *Incana* — Very dwarf grower, blooms borne on delicate hair-foliage. July-August. 12 in.

\***YUCCA** (Adam's Needle) — This plant with its broad swordlike evergreen foliage is indispensable in landscape work. It can be used either for lawn or rockery work and stands out among all other plants.

*Filamentosa*—3 year, creamy yellow. June. 6 ft.

**TRAILING VINES**

Good for rockeries and grave coverings.

**LYSINACHIA NUMMULARIA** (Moneywort)—Creeping Charlie or Jennie trailing vine (evergreen) flower yellow.

**VINCA MINOR** (Periwinkle) — Trailing myrtle (evergreen) flower yellow.



Vinca



## SPRING BULBS

Postpaid on orders of \$1.00 or more.

*Produce an abundance of flowers for cutting and are included in most well planted gardens. We are listing the most desirable varieties, as our space is limited. If you do not see what you want listed, write us, as we carry a very complete assortment.*



**Elephant's Ear**

**CALADIUM (Elephant's Ear)** — Large, green leaves. Used in numerous ways for foundation plantings, pools and beds. Each, 15c; 4 for 50c; 8 for 85c; 12 for \$1.20.

**CANNAS**—Very desirable for bedding or background for perennials and annuals.

**Eureka**—Best white canna. 4 feet.

**City of Portland**—Glowing pink. 3½ feet.

**Hungaria**—Satiny pink. 3½ feet.

**Mrs. Alfred Conard**—Salmon pink. 4 feet.

**The President**—Glowing scarlet. 4 feet.

**Madam Cozy**—Brilliant vermillion-scarlet, golden yellow edge. 3½ feet.

**Apricot**—Rich, apricot-yellow. 4 feet.

**Florence Vaughan**—Golden yellow, dotted crimson. 4 feet.

**King Humbert**—Bronze foliage. Orange-scarlet, rose-tinted bloom. 4 feet.

**Wyoming**—Orange colored bloom. Bronze foliage. 5 feet.

Each, 10c; 4 for 35c; 8 for 60c; 12 for 85c.

**DAHLIAS**—We are listing varieties that have been tried and are prides of the Dahlia growers.

**Pride of Fort Morgan**—Large red. (Decorative.)

**Snowdrift**—Giant, white bloom. (Decorative.)

**Champaign**—Large, amber. (Decorative.)

**Black Beauty**—Very dark red. (Decorative.)

**Purple Lady**—Deep Purple. (Decorative.)

**Pink Marvel**—Pink, with silver sheen. (Decorative.)

**Elizabeth Slocum**—Rosy Red. Free bloomer. (Decorative.)

**Chicota, Jr.**—Canary-yellow. (Decorative.)

**Millionaire**—Large, lavender. (Decorative.)

**Sanachian Queen**—Autumn shade. (Decorative.)

**Tarantula**—Dark, velvety-red. (Cactus.)

**Gladys Sherwood**—Creamy-white. (Cactus.)

**Doris Wilmore**—Large. Bronze. (Peony Flowered.)

**G. W. Gero**—Rose pink. (Show.)

Each, 35c; 4 for \$1.25; 8 for \$2.25; 12 for \$3.00.

## TUBEROSES

**MEXICAN**—The best of all. Single and fragrant. July-August. 2 for 15c; 4 for 25c; 12 for 60c.



**Cannas**





## GLADIOLUS

*One of the greatest flowers we know of. Also one of the best cut flowers. Gladiolus should be planted in the spring and, for lots of flowers, you should make two or three plantings about ten days or two weeks apart. Plant four to six inches deep; in light soil, six inches deep.*

Large flowering size, your choice, of varieties. 6 for 20c; 12 for 35c.

**Alice Tiplady**—Beautiful orange-saffron.

**Butterfly**—Pale salmon, ruffled.

**Crimson Glow**—Glowing crimson.

**E. B. Williamson**—Deep mallow-purple.

**Genesee**—Fine yellow.

**Giant Nymph**—La France-pink, creamy yellow throat.

**Gold Drop**—Pure deep yellow, with red tones on petals.

**Golden Butterfly**—Yellow.

**Helga**—Fine pink.

**Le Marechal Foch**—Light pink, extra large.

**Lillie White**—Large, pure white.

**Maiden Blush**—Delicate, dainty, blush-pink.

**Mrs. Francis King**—Light scarlet, enormous flowers.

**Mrs. J. C. Bruggen**—Light begonia-rose, white throat.

**Myra**—Deep salmon and yellow.

**Rev. E. J. Shaylor**—Tall, deep rose pink.

## PEONIES

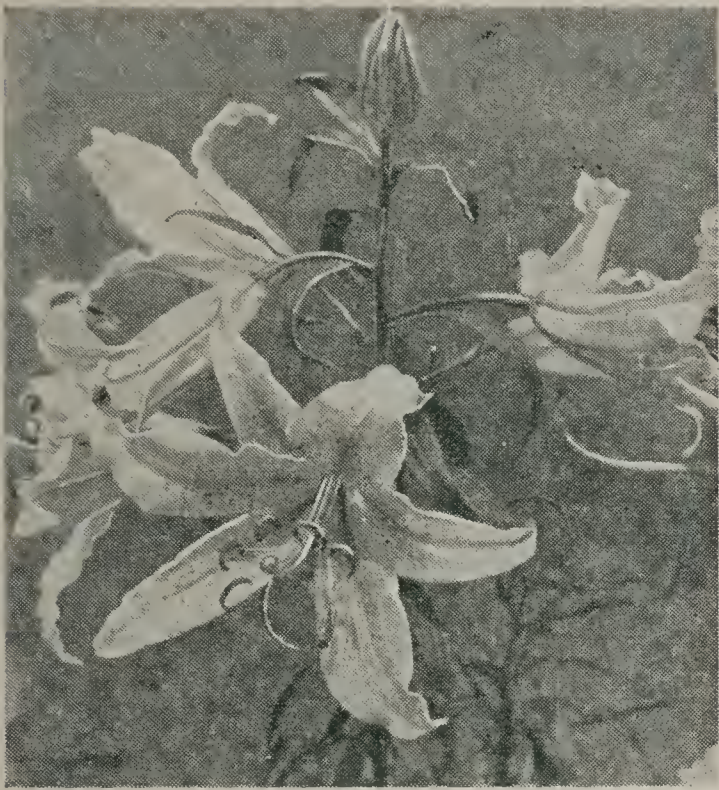
*We grow nearly one hundred varieties of Peonies. For best results, plant in the early FALL.*

*Write for list of varieties and prices before planting time.*



Peonies





Lilies

## LILY BULBS

**POSTAGE PREPAID** on orders of \$1.00 or more.

*For best results it is best to plant in the FALL; however, they are frequently planted in the spring and bloom well.*

**ELEGANS TIP TOP**—A red lily with glossy leaves, best of the Elegans. May-June. Large blooming size 35c; 4 for \$1.20.

**REGAL**—Inside flushed yellow in center, shading off to pure white at the outer edge. July. Large blooming size, 30c; 4 for 1.00.

**TENUIFOLIUM**—A narrow leaved, slender growing and most attractive Lily from Siberia. Deep scarlet, waxen, recurved flowers. Large blooming size, 30c; 4 for \$1.00.

**TIGER, SINGLE**—Flowers orange-red and spotted purple. Blooms late. July and August. Large blooming size, 15c; 4 for 50c.

**TIGER, DOUBLE**—Same as above, only flowers are double. Large blooming size, 20c; 4 for 70c.

# THE LAWN

*Most lawns are starved. They are usually cut short and seldom fertilized. Our lawn seed has given wonderful results and we recommend our lawn mixture, where a new lawn is being made in the spring. However, straight Blue Grass should be used in seeding the old lawn.*

*A good many of our customers like to plant Blue Grass and White Dutch Clover mixed, for spring planting. It is very good, too.*

**AMOUNT REQUIRED** to seed new lawn, 1 pound to 200 square feet. Reseeding old lawn use 1 pound to 400 square feet. **Kentucky Blue Grass**, 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.00 **PREPAID**. Our **Lawn Mixture**, 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.35; 10 lbs., \$4.50 **PREPAID**. **White Dutch Clover**, 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.75; 10 lbs., \$5.00.

## VIGORO

A nationally known, balanced plant food. Instructions on every package. 12 oz. package, 10c; 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 85c; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$4.00, **AT OUR PACKING GROUNDS**.

## PEAT MULL

For lawn and garden. Peat makes the best mulch. Prevents some weeds from coming up and adds humus to the soil. Apply a thin coat of peat to the newly seeded lawn. Mulch newly planted trees, shrubs and flowers as well as the old ones. You will find our prices very reasonable.



Before and After Planting



*My friend has lands of vast estate,  
And many goods of earthly store.  
But I have roses o'er my gate  
And Love to greet me at the door.*  
— Flanner.



**PLUMFIELD NURSERIES**  
**FREMONT, NEBR.**